

UNIVERSITY VISION AND MISSION

VISION

B.S. Abdur Rahman Institute of Science & Technology aspires to be a leader in Education, Training and Research in Engineering, Science, Technology and Management and to play a vital role in the Socio-Economic progress of the Country.

MISSION

- To blossom into an internationally renowned University
- To empower the youth through quality education and to provide professional leadership
- To achieve excellence in all its endeavors to face global challenges
- To provide excellent teaching and research ambience
- To network with global Institutions of Excellence, Business, Industry and Research Organizations
- To contribute to the knowledge base through Scientific enquiry, Applied Research and Innovation

VISION AND MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

VISION

The Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering envisions to be a leader in providing state of the art education through excellence in teaching, training, and research in contemporary areas of Electronics and Communication Engineering and aspires to meet the global and socio economic challenges of the country.

MISSION

- The Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering endeavors to produce globally competent Engineers prepared to face challenges of the society.
- To enable the students to formulate, design and solve problems in applied science and engineering.
- To provide excellent teaching and research environment using state of the art facilities.
- To provide adequate practical training to meet the requirement of the Electronics & communication industry.
- To train the students to take up leadership roles in their career or to pursue higher education and research.

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES AND OUTCOMES

B.Tech. (Electronics and Communication Engineering)

PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES

- To provide a fundamental knowledge in Mathematics and Basic Sciences to enable to solve problems in Electronics and Communication Engineering
- To impart necessary knowledge and skill in the area of Microelectronics, Signal Processing, Telecommunication and Networking.
- To impart practical knowledge and skill sets with the state of the art industrial hardware and software tools to meet the industrial requirement
- To provide knowledge in related disciplines of electronics engineering through elective courses to enable them to work in multidisciplinary areas.
- To train in soft skills to attain leadership roles in industries

PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

On completion of the program the graduates will have

- The ability to apply knowledge of Mathematics, Sciences and Engineering to solve real time engineering problems pertaining to Electronics and Communication Engineering
- Ability to design and implement microprocessor / microcontroller based real time applications
- The ability to process signals and images for solving real time communication problems
- Knowledge to simulate, synthesize and perform FPGA implementation of VLSI circuits related to digital applications
- Professional and ethical responsibility with ability to communicate effectively and execute the work as a team
- Adequate knowledge and exposure to industry-standard software and hardware, to lead to professional career in Electronics and Communication

**B.S.ABDUR RAHMAN
UNIVERSITY**

B.S. ABDUR RAHMAN INSTITUTE OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY
(Estd.u/s 3 of the UGC Act, 1956)

(FORMERLY B.S.ABDUR RAHMAN CRESCENT ENGINEERING COLLEGE)
Seethakathi Estate, G.S.T. Road, Vandalur, Chennai - 600 048.



**REGULATIONS 2013
FOR
B.TECH. DEGREE PROGRAMMES**

REGULATIONS - 2013 FOR B.TECH. DEGREE PROGRAMMES

1.0 PRELIMINARY DEFINITIONS & NOMENCLATURE

In these Regulations, unless the context otherwise requires:

- i) **"Programme"** means B.Tech. Degree Programme.
- ii) **"Branch"** means specialization or discipline of B.Tech Degree Programme like Civil Engineering, Mechanical Engineering, etc.,
- iii) **"Course"** means a theory or practical subject that is normally studied in a semester, like Mathematics, Physics, Engineering Graphics, Computer Practice, etc.,
- iv) **"University"** means B.S.Abdur Rahman University.
- v) **"Dean (Academic Affairs)"** means the Dean (Academic Affairs) of B.S. Abdur Rahman University.
- vi) **"Dean (Student Affairs)"** means the Dean (Students Affairs) of B.S.Abdur Rahman University.
- vii) **"Controller of Examinations"** means the Controller of Examination of B.S. Abdur Rahman University, who is responsible for conduct of examinations and declaration of results.

2.0 ADMISSION

- 2.1a)** Candidates for admission to the first semester of the eight semester B.Tech. degree programme shall be required to have passed the Higher Secondary Examination of the (10+2) curriculum (Academic stream) prescribed by the appropriate authority or any other examination of any university or authority accepted by the University as equivalent thereto.
- 2.1b)** Candidates for admission to the third semester of the eight semester B.Tech. programme under lateral entry scheme shall be required to have passed the Diploma examination in Engineering / Technology of the Department of Technical Education, Government of Tamil Nadu or any other examination of any other authority accepted by the University as equivalent thereto.
- 2.2** Notwithstanding the qualifying examination the candidate might have passed, the candidate shall also write an entrance examination prescribed by the

B.Tech. Electronics & Communication Engg.

University for admission. The entrance examination shall test the proficiency of the candidate in Mathematics, Physics and Chemistry on the standards prescribed for plus two academic stream.

- 2.3** The eligibility criteria such as marks, number of attempts and physical fitness shall be as prescribed by the University from time to time.

3.0 BRANCHES OF STUDY

- 3.1** Regulations are applicable to the following B.Tech. degree programmes in various branches of Engineering and Technology, each distributed over eight semesters with two semesters per academic year.

B.TECH. DEGREE PROGRAMMES:

1. Aeronautical Engineering
2. Automobile Engineering
3. Civil Engineering
4. Computer Science and Engineering
5. Electrical and Electronics Engineering
6. Electronics and Communication Engineering
7. Electronics and Instrumentation Engineering
8. Information Technology
9. Manufacturing Engineering
10. Mechanical Engineering
11. Polymer Engineering

4.0 STRUCTURE OF THE PROGRAMME

- 4.1** Every Programme will have a curriculum with syllabi consisting of theory and practical courses such as,
- i) Basic Sciences (BS)
 - ii) Humanities & Social Sciences (HS)
 - iii) Management Sciences (MS)
 - iv) Engineering Sciences Fundamentals (ESF)
 - v) Engineering Core Courses (EC)
 - vi) Professional Electives (PE)

vii) General Electives (GE)

viii) Workshop practice, laboratory work, industrial training, seminar presentation, project work, etc.

4.2 Each course is normally assigned certain number of credits :

one credit per lecture period per week

one credit per tutorial period per week

one credit for two to three periods and two credits for four periods of laboratory or practical courses

one credit for two periods of seminar / project work per week

one credit for two weeks of industrial internship

4.3 Each semester curriculum shall normally have a blend of lecture courses not exceeding seven and practical courses not exceeding four.

4.4 For the award of the degree, a student has to earn a minimum total credits specified in the curriculum of the relevant branch of study. This minimum will be between 175 and 185 credits, depending on the program.

4.5 The medium of instruction, examinations and project report shall be English, except for courses on languages other than English.

5.0 DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

5.1 A student is ordinarily expected to complete the B.Tech. programme in eight semesters (six semesters in the case of a lateral entry scheme), but in any case not more than 14 continuous semesters reckoned from the date of first admission (12 semesters in the case of lateral entry student).

5.2 Each semester shall consist of a minimum of 90 working days or 450 periods.

5.3 Semester end examination will normally follow immediately after the last working day of the semester.

6.0 CLASS ADVISOR AND FACULTY ADVISOR

6.1 CLASS ADVISOR

A faculty member will be nominated by the HOD as Class Advisor for the whole class (2nd to 8th semester).

He/she is responsible for maintaining the academic, curricular and co-curricular records of all students throughout their period of study.

However, for the first semester alone the class advisors and faculty advisors will be nominated by first year coordinator.

6.2 FACULTY ADVISOR

To help the students in planning their courses of study and for general counseling on the academic programme, the Head of the Department of the students will attach a certain number of students to a faculty member of the department who shall function as Faculty Advisor for the students throughout their period of study. Such Faculty Advisor shall offer advice to the students on academic and personal matters, and guide the students in taking up courses for registration and enrolment every semester.

7.0 COURSE COMMITTEE

Common course offered to more than one discipline or group, shall have a "Course Committee", comprising all the faculty members teaching the common course with one of them nominated as Course Coordinator. The nomination of the course coordinator shall be made by the Head of the Department / Dean (Academic Affairs), depending on whether all the faculty members teaching the common course belong to the same department / different departments.

8.0 CLASS COMMITTEE

During first semester, a common Class Committee will be constituted for all branches by the Dean (Academic Affairs). During other semesters, separate Class Committees will be constituted by the respective Head of the Department of the students

8.1 The first semester Class Committee composition will be as follows:

- i) Coordinator for the first semester shall be the Chairman of the class committee
- ii) Course coordinators of all common courses.
- iii) Faculty members of all individual courses.
- iv) One male and one female first semester student of each class of B.Tech, program to be nominated by the first semester coordinator
- v) All first semester class advisors and faculty advisors

8.2 The composition of the class committee for each branch of B.Tech, from 2nd to 8th semester, will be as follows:

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- i) One senior faculty member preferably not teaching to the concerned class, appointed as Chairman by the Head of the Department
- ii) Faculty members of individual courses
- iii) Two students, (preferably one male and one female) of the class per group of 30 students or part thereof, to be nominated by the Head of the Department, in consultation with the faculty advisors.
- iv) All faculty advisors and the class advisor of the class
- v) Head of the Department

8.3 The class committee shall meet at least thrice during the semester. The first meeting will be held within two weeks from the date of commencement of classes, in which the nature of continuous assessment for various courses and the weightages for each component of assessment will be decided for the first, second and third assessments. The second meeting will be held within a week after the date of first assessment report, to review the students' performance and for follow up action. The third meeting will be held within a week after the second assessment report, to review the students' performance and for follow up action.

8.4 During these three meetings the student members representing the entire class, shall meaningfully interact and express opinions and suggestions of the class students to improve the effectiveness of the teaching-learning process.

8.5 The class committee, excluding the student members and the invited members, shall meet within 10 days from the last day of the semester end examination to analyze the performance of the students in all the components of assessments and decide the grades for students in each course. The grades for a common course shall be decided by the concerned course committee and shall be presented to the class committee(s) by the concerned course coordinator. If the course is common to more than one branch of study, grades for such courses shall be finalized in the course committee meetings in consultation with the Dean (Academic Affairs).

9.0 REGISTRATION AND ENROLMENT

9.1 Except for the first semester, every student shall register for the ensuing semester during a specified week before the semester end examination of the current semester. Every student shall submit a completed Registration

form indicating the list of courses intended to be enrolled during the ensuing semester. Late registration with the approval of Dean (Academic Affairs) along with a late fee will be permitted up to the last working day of the current semester.

- 9.2** From the second year onwards, all students shall pay the prescribed fees for the year on a specific day at the beginning of the semester confirming the registered courses. Late enrolment along with a late fee will be permitted up to two weeks from the date of commencement of classes. If a student does not enroll, his/her name will be removed from rolls.
- 9.3** The students of first semester shall register and enroll at the time of admission by paying the prescribed fees.
- 9.4** A student should have registered and enrolled for all preceding semesters before registering for a particular semester.

10.1 CHANGE OF A COURSE

A student can change an enrolled course within 15 days from the commencement of the course, with the approval of the Dean (Academic Affairs), on the recommendation of the Head of the Department of the student.

10.2 WITHDRAWAL FROM A COURSE

A student can withdraw from an enrolled course at any time before the second assessment for genuine reasons, with the approval of the Dean (Academic Affairs), on the recommendation of the Head of the Department of the student.

11.0 TEMPORARY BREAK OF STUDY FROM A PROGRAMME

A student can avail a onetime temporary break of study covering the current semester and/or next semester period with the approval of the Head of the Institution at any time before the start of third assessment of current semester, within the maximum period of 14 or 12 semesters as the case may be. If any student is debarred for want of attendance or suspended due to any act of indiscipline it will not be considered as break of study.

A student availed break of study has to rejoin only in the same semester from where he left.

12.0 CREDIT LIMIT FOR ENROLMENT & MOVEMENT TO HIGHER SEMESTER

- 12.1 A student can enroll for a maximum of 30 credits during a semester including redo courses.
- 12.2 The minimum credit requirement to move to the higher semester is
- Not less than a total of 20 credits, to move to the 3rd semester
 - Not less than a total of 40 credits, (20 for lateral entry) to move to the 5th semester
 - Not less than a total of 60 credits, (40 for lateral entry) to move to the 7th semester
- 12.3 However, a student who has secured "I" grade (due to shortage of attendance) in all the courses of a particular semester is not eligible to move to the next higher semester.

13.0 ASSESSMENT PROCEDURE AND PERCENTAGE WEIGHTAGE OF MARKS

- 13.1 Every theory course shall have a total of four assessments during a semester as given below:

Assessment No.	Course Coverage in Weeks	Duration	Weightage of Marks
Assessment 1	1 to 4	1.5 hours	15%
Assessment 2	5 to 8	1.5 hours	15%
Assessment 3	9 to 12	1.5 hours	15%
Attendance #	-	-	5%
Semester End Exam	1 to 18 (full course)	3 hours	50 %

76-80% - 1 Mark ; 81-85 - 2 Marks ; 86-90 - 3 Marks ; 91-95 - 4 Marks and 96 - 100 - 5 Marks

- 13.2 Appearing for semester end examination for each course is mandatory and a student should secure a minimum of 40% marks in each course in semester end examination for the successful completion of the course.

- 13.3** Every practical course will have 60% weightage for continuous assessment and 40% for semester end examination. However, a student should have secured a minimum of 50% marks in the semester end practical examination.
- 13.4** In the case of Industrial training, the student shall submit a report, which will be evaluated along with an oral examination by a committee of faculty members, constituted by the Head of the department. A progress report from the industry will also be taken into account for evaluation.
- 13.5** In the case of project work, a committee of faculty members constituted by the Head of the Department will carry out three periodic reviews. Based on the project report submitted by the student(s), an oral examination (viva-voce) will be conducted as the semester end examination, for which one external examiner, approved by the Controller of Examinations, will be included. The weightage for periodic review will be 50% and remaining 50% for the project report and Viva Voce examination.
- 13.6** Assessment of seminars and comprehension will be carried out by a committee of faculty members constituted by the Head of the Department.
- 13.7** The continuous assessment marks earned for a course during his/her first appearance will be used for grading along with the marks earned in the semester-end examination / arrear examination for that course until he/she completes.

14.0 SUBSTITUTE EXAMINATIONS

- 14.1** A student who has missed, for genuine reasons, a maximum of one of the four assessments of a course may be permitted to write a substitute examination. However, permission to take up a substitute examination will be given under exceptional circumstances, such as accident or admission to a hospital due to illness, etc. by a committee constituted by the Dean of School for that purpose.
- 14.2** A student who misses any assessment in a course shall apply in a prescribed form to the Head of the department / Dean within a week from the date of missed assessment. However the substitute tests and examination for a course will be conducted within two weeks after the last day of the semester-end examinations.

15.0 ATTENDANCE REQUIREMENT AND SEMESTER / COURSE REPETITION

- 15.1** A student shall earn 100% attendance in the contact periods of every course, subject to a maximum relaxation of 25% (for genuine reasons such as medical grounds or representing the University in approved events etc.) to become eligible to appear for the semester-end examination in that course, failing which the student shall be awarded "I" grade in that course. If the course is a core course, the candidate should register for and repeat the course when it is offered next.
- 15.2** The faculty member of each course shall cumulate the attendance details for the semester and furnish the names of the students who have not earned the required attendance in that course to the class advisor. The class advisor will consolidate and furnish the list of students who have earned less than 75% attendance, in various courses, to the Dean (Academic Affairs) through the Head of the Department. Thereupon, the Dean (Academic Affairs) shall announce, course-wise, the names of such students prevented from writing the semester end examination in each course.
- 15.3** A student should register to re-do a core course wherein "I" or "W" grade is awarded. If the student is awarded, "I" or "W" grade in an elective course either the same elective course may be repeated or a new elective course may be taken.
- 15.4** A student who is awarded "U" or "AB" grade in a course will have the option of either to write semester end arrear examination at the end of the subsequent semesters, or to redo the course during summer term / regular semester. Marks earned during the redo period in the continuous assessment for the course, will be used for grading along with the marks earned in the end-semester (re-do) examination. If any student obtained "U" grade during summer term course, the marks earned during the redo period for the continuous assessment for that course will be considered for further appearance as arrears.
- 15.5** If a student with "U" or "AB" grade prefers to redo any particular course fails to earn the minimum 75% attendance while doing that course, then he/she will be awarded "I" grade in that course.

16.0 SUMMER TERM COURSES

- 16.1** A student can register for a maximum of three courses during summer term, if such courses are offered by the concerned department during the summer term. Students may also opt to redo such courses during regular semesters.

- 16.2** The Head of the Department, in consultation with the department consultative committee may arrange for the conduct of a few courses during the summer term, depending on the availability of faculty members during summer and subject to a specified minimum number of students registering for each of such courses.
- 16.3** However, in the case of students who have completed eighth semester, but having arrears in the earlier semesters in a maximum of two courses, summer courses may be offered, even if less than minimum students are registering for the course.
- 16.4** The number of contact hours and the assessment procedure for any course during summer term will be the same as those during regular semesters except that there is no provision either for withdrawal from a summer term course or for substitute examination.

17.0 PASSING AND DECLARATION OF RESULTS AND GRADE SHEET

- 17.1** All assessments of a course will be made on absolute marks basis. However, the Class Committee without the student members and the invited members shall meet within 10 days after the semester-end examination and analyze the performance of students in all assessments of a course and award letter grade. The letter grades and the corresponding grade points are as follows:

Letter Grades	Grade Points
S	10
A	9
B	8
C	7
D	6
E	5
U	0
I	--
W	--
AB	--

"W" denotes withdrawal from the course

"I" denotes inadequate attendance in the course and hence prevented from writing semester-end examination.

"U" denotes unsuccessful performance in the course.

"AB" denotes Absent for the semester end examination

17.2 A student who earns a minimum of five grade points ('E' grade) in a course is declared to have successfully completed the course. Such a course cannot be repeated by the student.

17.3 The results, after awarding of grades, shall be signed by the Chairman of the Class Committee and Head of the Department and declared by the Controller of Examinations.

17.4 Within one week from the date of declaration of result, a student can apply for reevaluation of his / her semester-end theory examination answer scripts of courses, on payment of prescribed fees, through proper application to Dean (Academic Affairs). The concerned HOD shall constitute a reevaluation committee consisting of Chairman of the class committee as convener, the faculty member of the course and a senior member of faculty knowledgeable in that course. The committee shall meet within a week to revalue the answer scripts and submit its report to the Controller of Examinations for consideration and decision.

17.5 After results are declared, grade sheets shall be issued to each student, which will contain the following details. The list of courses enrolled during the semester including summer term courses, if any, and the grade scored, the Grade Point Average (GPA) for the semester and the Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of all courses enrolled from first semester onwards. GPA is the ratio of the sum of the products of the number of credits of courses registered and the points corresponding to the grades scored in those courses, taken for all the courses, to the sum of the number of credits of all the courses in the semester, including summer courses, if any.

If C_i is the number of credits assigned for the i th course and GP_i is the Grade Point in the i th course

$$GPA = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (C_i)(GP_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n C_i} \quad \text{Where } n = \text{number of courses}$$

The Cumulative Grade Point Average CGPA shall be calculated in a similar manner, considering all the courses enrolled from first semester.

"I" and "W" grades will be excluded for calculating GPA .

"U", "I", "AB" and "W" grades will be excluded for calculating CGPA

- 17.6** After successful completion of the programme, the Degree will be awarded with the following classifications based on CGPA.

Classification	CGPA
First Class with Distinction	8.50 and above and passing all the courses in the first appearance and completing the programme within the normal 8 or 6 (for lateral entry) semesters
First Class	6.50 and above and completing the programme within a maximum of 10 or 8 (for lateral entry) semesters.
Second Class	All others

However, to be eligible for First Class with Distinction, a student should not have obtained U or I grade in any course during his/her study and should have completed the U.G. Programme within a minimum period covered by the minimum duration plus authorized break of study, if any (clause 11). To be eligible for First Class, a student should have passed the examination in all courses within the specified minimum number of semesters reckoned from his/her commencement of study plus two semesters. For this purpose, the authorized break of study will not be counted. The students who do not satisfy the above two conditions will be classified as second class. For the purpose of classification, the CGPA will be rounded to two decimal places. For the purpose of comparison of performance of students and ranking, CGPA will be considered up to three decimal places.

18.0 ELECTIVE CHOICE: OPTION TO DO PROJECT ALONE IN FINAL SEMESTER

- 18.1** Apart from the various elective courses listed in the curriculum for each branch of specialization, the student can choose a maximum of two electives from any other specialization under any department, during the entire period of study, with the approval of the Head of the parent department and the Head of the other department offering the course.
- 18.2** In the curriculum of eighth Semester, along with the project work, if two elective courses alone are listed, then the Dean (Academic Affairs) may permit a

student, as per approved guidelines, on the recommendation of the Head of the department, to do a full semester major industrial project work. In such a case, the above two elective courses or any other two elective courses in lieu thereof have to be enrolled during any semester including the summer, preceding or succeeding the project work, if offered.

19.0 PERSONALITY AND CHARACTER DEVELOPMENT

19.1 All students shall enroll, on admission, in any of the personality and character development programmes, NCC / NSS / NSO / YRC / Rotaract and undergo practical training.

- **National Cadet Corps (NCC)** will have to undergo specified number of parades.
- **National Service Scheme (NSS)** will have social service activities in and around Chennai.
- **National Sports Organization (NSO)** will have sports, games, drills and physical exercises.
- **Youth Red Cross (YRC)** will have social service activities in and around Chennai.
- **Rotaract** will have social service activities in and around Chennai.

20.0 DISCIPLINE

20.1 Every student is required to observe disciplined and decorous behavior both inside and outside the campus and not to indulge in any activity which will tend to bring down the prestige of the University.

20.2 Any act of indiscipline of a student, reported to the Dean (Student Affairs), through the HODs will be referred to a Discipline and Welfare Committee, nominated by the Vice-Chancellor, for taking appropriate action.

21.0 ELIGIBILITY FOR THE AWARD OF DEGREE

21.1 A student shall be declared to be eligible for the award of B.Tech. degree provided the student has:

- i) successfully completed all the required courses specified in the programme curriculum and earned the number of credits prescribed for the specialization, within a maximum period of 14 semester (12 semesters for lateral entry) from the date of admission, including break of study.
- ii) no disciplinary action pending against him/her.

21.2 The award of the degree must have been approved by the University.

22.0 POWER TO MODIFY

Notwithstanding all that has been stated above, the Academic Council has the right to modify the above regulations from time to time.

**CURRICULUM AND SYLLABI FOR
B.TECH. ELECTRONICS & COMMUNICATION ENGG.,
(Eight Semesters / Full Time)**

CURRICULUM

SEMESTER I

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1	BS	MAB1181	Algebra, Geometry and Calculus	3	1	0	4
2	HS	ENB1181 FRB1181 ISB1181	English* French* Arabic*	3	0	0	3
3	BS	PHB1181	Physics	3	0	0	3
4	BS	CHB1181	Chemistry	3	0	0	3
5	ESF	GEB1101	Engineering Graphics	2	0	3	3
6	HS	SSB1181	Introduction to Economics	3	0	0	3
7	BS	PHB1182	Physics Lab	0	0	2	1
8	BS	CHB1182	Chemistry Lab	0	0	2	1
9	ESF	GEB1102	Basic Engineering Practices Laboratory	0	0	2	1
10	ESF	GEB1103	Computer Programming & Applications	2	0	2	3
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* Any one language

SEMESTER II

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1.	BS	MAB1282	Advanced Calculus	3	1	0	4
2.	BS	PHB1283	Physics of Engineering Materials	3	0	0	3
3.	ESF	GEB1211	Basic Engineering Mechanics	3	1	0	4
4.	EC	ECB1211	Network Analysis and Synthesis	3	0	0	3
5.	EC	ECB1212	Electron Devices	3	0	0	3

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6.	HS	SSB1182	Sociology, Ethics & Human Values	3	0	0	3
7.	HS	ENB1282	Written Communication	0	0	2	1
8.	EC	ECB1213	Electron Devices Lab	0	0	3	1
9.	BS	PHB1284	Physics of Engineering Materials Lab	0	0	2	1
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SEMESTER III

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1.	BS	MAB2181	Transforms and Applications	3	1	0	4
2.	HS	SSB2181	Law for Engineers	3	0	0	3
3.	EC	CSB2181	Data structures using C++	3	0	0	3
4.	EC	ECB2101	Electronic Circuits I	3	0	0	3
5.	EC	ECB2102	Signals and Systems	3	1	0	4
6.	EC	ECB2103	Electromagnetic Fields	3	1	0	4
7.	HS	ENB2181	Oral Communication	0	0	2	1
8.	EC	CSB2182	Data structures using C++ Lab	0	0	3	1
9.	EC	ECB2104	Electronic Circuits I Lab	0	0	3	1
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SEMESTER IV

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1.	BS	MAB2284	Random Process	3	1	0	4
2.	EC	ECB2211	Electronic Circuits II	3	0	0	3
3.	EC	ECB2212	Digital Electronics	3	0	0	3
4.	EC	ECB2213	Analog Communication	3	0	0	3
5.	EC	ECB2214	Linear Integrated Circuits	3	0	0	3
6.	BS	LSB2181	Biology for Engineers	3	0	0	3

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7.	HS	ENB2282	Confidence Building & Behavioral Skill	0	0	2	1
8.	EC	ECB2215	Digital Electronics Lab	0	0	3	1
9.	EC	ECB2216	Electronic Circuits II Lab	0	0	3	1
10.	EC	ECB2217	Communication Engineering Lab-I	0	0	3	1
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SEMESTER V

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1.	EC	ECB3101	Digital Signal Processing	3	1	0	4
2.	EC	ECB3102	Digital Communication	3	0	0	3
3.	EC	ECB3103	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	3	0	0	3
4.	EC	ECB3104	Transmission Lines and Antennas	3	1	0	4
5.	HS	MSB3181	Management of Business Organization	3	0	0	3
6.	PE		Professional Elective I	3	0	0	3
7.	HS	ENB3181	Career Building & People Skill	0	0	2	1
8.	EC	ECB3105	Digital Signal Processing Lab	0	0	3	1
9.	EC	ECB3106	Communication Engineering Lab-II	0	0	3	1
10.	EC	ECB3107	Microprocessor & Microcontroller Lab	0	0	3	1
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SEMESTER VI

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1.	BS	GEB3201	Environmental Science and Engineering	3	0	0	3
2.	EC	ECB3211	RF & Microwave Engineering	3	1	0	4
3.	EC	ECB3212	VLSI Design	3	0	0	3
4.	EC	ECB3213	Optical Communication	3	0	0	3
5.	PE		Professional Elective II	3	0	0	3

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6.	PE		Professional Elective III	3	0	0	3
7.	EC	ECB3214	VLSI Lab	0	0	3	1
8.	EC	ECB3215	Microwave and Optical Communication Lab	0	0	3	1
							21

SEMESTER VII

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1.	EC	ECB4101	Cellular Mobile Communication	3	0	0	3
2.	EC	ECB4102	Embedded Systems	3	0	0	3
3.	EC	ECB4103	Computer Networks	3	0	0	3
4.	PE		Professional Elective IV	3	0	0	3
5.	PE		Professional Elective V	3	0	0	3
6.	GE		General Elective I	3	0	0	3
7.	EC	ECB4104	Mini Project - Design & Implementation	0	0	3	1
8.	EC	ECB4105	Networks Lab	0	0	3	1
9.	EC	ECB4106	Embedded Systems Lab	0	0	3	1
							21

SEMESTER VIII

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	L	T	P	C
1.	PE		Professional Elective VI	3	0	0	3
2.	GE		General Elective II	3	0	0	3
3.	EC	ECB4211	Project	0	0	18	9
							15

Total Credits: 176

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVES

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title
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RF COMMUNICATION

- | | | | |
|----|----|--------|--|
| 1. | PE | ECBX01 | RF System Design |
| 2. | PE | ECBX02 | Electromagnetic Interference & Compatibility |
| 3. | PE | ECBX03 | Telecommunication Switching Networks |
| 4. | PE | ECBX04 | Wireless Networks |
| 5. | PE | ECBX05 | Satellite Communication |
| 6. | PE | ECBX06 | Multimedia Communication Systems |
| 7. | PE | ECBX07 | Advanced Microwave Systems |
| 8. | PE | ECBX08 | Radar & navigational Aids |

VLSI & EMBEDDED SYSTEM

- | | | | |
|----|----|---------|--|
| 1. | PE | ECBX 09 | Advanced Microprocessor and Microcontrollers |
| 2. | PE | ECBX10 | RTOS |
| 3. | PE | ECBX11 | Digital VLSI Testing |
| 4. | PE | ECBX12 | Computer Architecture |
| 5. | PE | ECBX13 | Advanced Digital System Design |
| 6. | PE | ECBX14 | VLSI Signal Processing |
| 7. | PE | ECBX15 | ASIC Design |
| 8. | PE | ECBX16 | Reconfigurable Computing |

SIGNAL PROCESSING

- | | | | |
|----|----|--------|------------------------------------|
| 1. | PE | ECBX17 | Advanced Digital Signal Processing |
| 2. | PE | ECBX18 | Image Processing |
| 3. | PE | ECBX19 | DSP Architecture and Programming |
| 4. | PE | ECBX12 | Computer Architecture |
| 5. | PE | ECBX06 | Multimedia Communication Systems |
| 6. | PE | ECBX20 | Biomedical Signal Processing |
| 7. | PE | ECBX14 | VLSI Signal Processing |
| 8. | PE | CSBX52 | Soft Computing |

GENERAL ELECTIVES

Sl. No.	Course Group	Course Code	Course Title	Offering Department
1.	GE	GEBX01	Disaster Management	Civil
2.	GE	GEBX02	Nano Technology	Physics
3.	GE	GEBX03	Control Systems	EEE
4.	GE	GEBX04	Green Design and Sustainability	Civil
5.	GE	GEBX05	Knowledge Management	CSE
6.	GE	GEBX06	Appropriate Technology	Civil / Mechanical
7.	GE	GEBX07	System Analysis and Design	Mechanical
8.	GE	GEBX08	Value Analysis and Engineering	Mechanical
9.	GE	GEBX09	Optimization Techniques	Mathematics
10.	GE	GEBX10	Engineering System Modeling and Simulation	Mechanical
11.	GE	GEBX11	Supply Chain Management	CBS
12.	GE	GEBX12	Artificial Intelligence and Robotics	CSE
13.	GE	GEBX13	Total Quality Management	Mechanical
14.	GE	GEBX14	Physics of Human Body	Life Sciences
15.	GE	GEBX15	Energy Studies	Mechanical
16.	GE	GEBX16	Robotics	Mechanical
17.	GE	GEBX17	Cyber security	IT
18.	GE	GEBX18	Usability Engineering	CSE
19.	GE	GEBX19	Industrial Safety	Mechanical

SEMESTER I

MAB1181	ALGEBRA, GEOMETRY AND CALCULUS	L T P C
		3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

The course is aimed at

- developing the skills of engineering students in the basics of chosen topics of Mathematics that are imperative for effective understanding of engineering subjects.
- laying the foundation for learning further topics of Mathematics in higher semesters in a graded manner.
- enabling the learners to appreciate the important role of mathematical concepts in engineering applications.

MODULE I MATRICES 8

Eigenvalue Problems – Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix, Engineering Applications – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley Hamilton Theorem (without proof) – Orthogonal matrices – orthogonal transformations of a symmetric matrix to diagonal form – Reduction of quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation.

MODULE II VECTOR ALGEBRA 6

Operations on vectors – Scalar Product, Vector Product, Projection of Vectors - Angle between two vectors - Gradient, divergence and curl.

MODULE III THREE DIMENSIONAL ANALYTICAL GEOMETRY 8

Direction cosines & ratios – angle between two lines – equations of a plane – equations of a straight line - coplanar lines - shortest distance between skew lines – sphere – tangent plane – plane section of a sphere – orthogonal spheres.

MODULE IV DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY 7

Curvature – Cartesian and polar coordinates – centre and radius of curvature – circle of curvature – involutes & evolutes – envelopes – properties of envelopes and evolutes.

MODULE V MULTI-VARIATE FUNCTIONS 8

Functions of two variables – partial derivatives – total differential – Implicit Functions – Jacobians - Taylor's series expansion – maxima and minima – Lagrange's multiplier method.

MODULE VI ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

8

Linear equations of second order with constant and variable coefficients –
Simultaneous first order linear equations with constant coefficients –
homogeneous equations of Euler’s type – method of undetermined coefficients, method of variation of parameters.

L – 45; T – 15; Total Hours– 60

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Veerarajan.T., “Engineering Mathematics” (5th edition) Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012.
2. Grewal B.S., “Higher Engineering Mathematics” (42nd edition), Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Kreyszig, E., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2001.
2. Peter V. O’Neil, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
3. Dennis G. Zill, Warren S. Wright, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 4th edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, Sudbury, 2011.
4. Alan Jeffrey, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Academic Press, USA, 2002.
5. Ramana, B.V, “Higher Engineering Mathematics” Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2006.
6. Venkataraman, M.K., “Engineering Mathematics”, Volume I, 2nd edition, National Publishing Co., Chennai, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the students will be able to

- solve Eigenvalue and Eigenvector problems
- solve three dimensional geometry problems.
- use differential calculus for solving problems pertaining to engineering applications.

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable students to use language appropriately and effectively
- To help learners improve their vocabulary and to enable them speak fluently and appropriately in different contexts.
- To help students develop listening skills for academic and professional purposes
- To develop reading comprehension skills and enhance their ability to read official documents.
- To develop their creative thinking and practice creative writing.

MODULE I BASIC LANGUAGE SKILLS AND GRAMMAR

4

Conducting a language proficiency test in the language laboratory to assess the use of various parts of speech, vocabulary, phrasal verbs and idiomatic expressions of students.

MODULE II LISTENING

8

Listening to BBC radio plays and VOA special lessons to teach Phonetics, accent and intonation of spoken English

Appreciation and critical review of popular movies like 'My Fair Lady', 'Sound of Music'. (Excerpts from the movies) - Historical/popular speeches made by Winston Churchill, Abraham Lincoln (Gettysberg's Address), Swami Vivekananda.

MODULE III SPEAKING

8

- (a) Self introduction – pair work – introducing one another – short conversations – exchanging opinions – agreement /disagreement
- (b) Short presentation (extempore speech) based on visuals – Personal narrations

MODULE IV READING

8

Newspaper articles, circular, notices – Note making – vocabulary extension – Critical review of newspaper articles.

- (a) Science fiction- Issac Asimov's "The Dead Past"(Abridged version) - Wings of Fire – Creative thinking – retelling a story with different ending; critical appreciation of plot and characters

MODULE V CREATIVE WRITING 8

- (a) Writing slogans for Advertisements
- (b) Writing descriptive paragraphs based on visuals

MODULE VI ENGLISH FOR ACADEMIC AND BUSINESS PURPOSES 9

- (a) English for academic purpose: letters to the editor, letter seeking permission for industrial visit, letter inviting a dignitary for technical symposium
- (b) English for Business purpose: Telephone etiquette – telephone conversations – taking and leaving phone messages.

Total Hours: 45

REFERENCES:

1. Mohan, Krishna, Meera Bannerjee, 'Developing Communication Skills', Macmillan India Ltd. Chennai (2001).
2. Sen , Leena 'Communication Skills' Prentice Hall, New Delhi (2004).
3. Rutherford , Andrea J. 'Basic Communication Skills For Technology' Pearson Education Asia (2002).
4. Grant Taylor, ' English Conversation Practice' Tata Mcgraw Hill , New Delhi (2001)
5. P.K.Dutt, G. Rajeevan and C.L.N. Prakash, 'A Course in Communication Skills', Cambridge University Press, India (2007).

OUTCOME:

- After completion of the course, students will have the ability to communicate correctly and effectively in academic and professional contexts through exposure and practice in LSRW skills.

OBJECTIVES:

- To improve their proficiency in French language.
- To empower them for successful communication in their professional contexts.

DOSSIER 0 FENÊTRE SUR...

7

Contenus – l’alphabet - se présenter – les langues – les nationalités – les nombres de 0 à 60 – les adjectifs de nationalités – les verbes : s’appeler, être.

L’acte de parole

DOSSIER 1 LES UNS, LES AUTRES....

12

Contenus - Les salutations (formelles et informelles) - les jours de la semaine – Les articles définis – les adjectifs possessifs – la négation (ne....pas) – les verbes : avoir.

Demander quelque chose – les mois de l’année – les nombres de 70 à 99 – les articles indéfinis – l’adjectif interrogatif (quel, quelle)

Quelques événements culturels – donner des informations personnelles – indiquer ses goûts – l’expression des goûts – les prépositions (les noms de pays).

L’acte de parole

DOSSIER 2 ICI /AILLEURS

12

Contenus – Parler de sa ville – Donner/ Demander des explications – les prépositions de lieu – articles contractés – pourquoi / parce que

Auberges de jeunesse et hôtels – s’informer sur un hébergement- quelques verbes et indications de direction – quelques formules de politesse.

Le code postal et les départements le libellé d’une adresse en France – Ecrire une carte postale – Dire le temps qu’il fait – les adjectifs démonstratifs - Formules pour commencer / terminer.

L’acte de parole

Contenus – Les animaux de compagnie les animaux préférés des Français - parler de sa profession – les professions - les activités sportifs - les noms animaux – les verbes : aimer , adorer, détester, faire, aller.

Nouveaux mode de rencontres – caractériser une personne (physique et psychologique) – les adjectifs qualificatifs – les pronoms toniques.

Les sorties – proposer, refuser, accepter une sortie – fixer un rendez-vous – inviter – Donner des instructions – L’impératif : 2^e personne – Le pronom on=nous – Les verbes : Pouvoir, vouloir, devoir.

L’acte de parole

L’examen oral

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOK:

1. Alter EGO I – Goyal – Langers (0 – 5 Lessons)

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course,

- The students will be able to deal with their clients effectively at global level.
- Their proficiency in French Language will have improved.

OBJECTIVES:

- To read and write in Arabic language.
- To learn vocabulary of different fields
- To develop situational communication skills.

MODULE I PREPARATORY ARABIC

7

Introducing Arabic Alphabets.

Listening and Reading.

Audio & Video aided listening, Tajweed listening,

Writing Arabic Alphabets (connected & unconnected).

Introducing words.

Reading simple sentences.

Learning names of the things in and around the class room.

Exercises.

MODULE II FUNCTIONAL ARABIC

7

Listening Arabic texts, stories and action verbs

Communicating Simple sentences.

Jumla' Ismiyya and Jumla' Fi'liyya

Situational Conversation:

Greetings, Introduction.

Classroom, College, Picnic.

Dining and Kitchen.

Reading skills.

Exercises

MODULE III FUNCTIONAL ARABIC

8

Implication of effective listening.

Audio aids.

Writing Simple sentences.

Communicating ordinal and cardinal numbers.

Situational communication:

Playground, library.

Forms of plural – Sample sentences.

Introduction to tenses.

Exercises.

MODULE IV FUNCTIONAL ARABIC

8

Communication:

Family, travel

Market, Prayer hall

Writing skills:

Note making.

Sequencing of sentences.

Developing answers from the questions.

Exercises.

MODULE V TECHNICAL ARABIC

8

Importance of technical communication.

Reading and writing skills.

Audio & Video aided listening.

Introduction to Arabic terms related to administration.

Situation communication:

Air travel, Office administration,
passport, visa.

Exercises.

MODULE VI TECHNICAL ARABIC

7

Situation communication:

Contractual work, machineries and equipments..
Computer, internet browsing.
Banking,

Exercises.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOK:

1. Arabic for professionals and employees, Kilakarai Bukhari Aalim Arabic College, Chennai, India, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Arabic Reader for Non Arabs (Ummul Qura University, Makkah), Kilakarai Bukhari Aalim Arabic College, 2005.

OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- Write correct sentences in Arabic.
- Communicate in Arabic at primary level in working situations in the fields of engineering and administration.

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce basic physics concepts relevant to Engineering and Technology students.
- To get familiarize with solving problems in basic physics.
- To acquaint applications of physics for Engineering issues.

MODULE I PROPERTIES OF MATTER

7

Elasticity – Stress strain diagram – Factors affecting elasticity – Twisting couple on a wire – Shaft – Torsion pendulum – Depression on a cantilever – Young’s modulus by cantilever – Uniform and non-uniform bending – Viscosity.

MODULE II CRYSTAL PHYSICS

6

Introduction – Space lattice – unit cell – Bravais lattices – Miller Indices for cubic crystals – Inter planar spacing in cubic lattice – Simple crystal structures – SC, BCC, FCC and HCP structures – Atomic radius, coordination number, Packing factor calculation – Crystal imperfections.

MODULE III QUANTUM PHYSICS

7

Black body radiation – Planck’s theory of radiation – Deduction of Wien’s displacement law and Rayleigh – Jeans law from Planck’s theory – Compton effect – Theory and experimental verification – Dual nature of matter – de Broglie’s wavelength- Physical significance of wave function – Schroedinger wave equation – Time independent and time dependent wave equation – Particle in one dimensional box.

MODULE IV WAVE OPTICS

9

Interference theory – Air wedge – Michelson interferometer – Diffraction – Fresnel and Fraunhofer diffraction - Polarization – Double refraction – Theory of plane polarized, circularly polarized and elliptically polarized light – Quarter wave plate, Half wave plate – Production and detection of plane, circularly and elliptically polarized lights – Photoelasticity – Photo elastic effect – Stress optic law – Effect of stressed model in a plane polariscope (qualitative) –Photo elastic bench.

MODULE V LASER & FIBRE OPTICS

9

Principle of spontaneous emission and stimulated emission - Characteristics of laser light -Einstein's A & B coefficients (derivation) – Population inversion - pumping - Nd:YAG laser – CO2 laser – Applications – Material processing and holography (construction and reconstruction of hologram)- Optical fibre – Principle and propagation of light in optical fibers – Numerical aperture and acceptance angle – Types of optical fibers - applications – Fibre optic communication system (block diagram only)- Fibre optic sensors (displacement and pressure sensors (qualitative), Medical endoscope.

MODULE VI ULTRASONICS AND NDT

7

Ultrasonics – Production – Magnetostriction and piezo electric methods – Properties of ultrasonic waves – Detection of ultrasonic waves – Applications –Ultrasonic interferometer- Acoustical grating – SONAR – Depth of sea – Measurement of velocity of blood flow – Non Destructive Testing (NDT) methods – Ultrasonic flaw detector – A,B & C scanning methods.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gaur R.K. and Gupta S.L., Engineering Physics, 8th edition, Dhanpat Rai Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2003.
2. Palanisamy P.K., Physics for Engineers, Vol1 & Vol2, 2nd Edition, Scitech Publications, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Uma Mukherji, "Engineering Physics", Narosa Publishing House, New Delhi, 2007.
2. Charles Kittel, "Introduction to solid state physics", 7th Edition, John Wiley & sons (ASIA) Pvt. Ltd, 2008.
3. Avadhanulu M.N., "Engineering Physics", 1st Edition, S.Chand & Company Ltd., New Delhi, 2007.
4. Schiff, "Quantum Mechanics", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2010.
5. Rajendran V. and Marikani A., "Applied Physics for Engineers", 3rd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill Pub. Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 2003.

B.Tech. Electronics & Communication Engg.

6. William T. Silfvast, "Laser Fundamentals", 2nd edition, Cambridge University Press, 2004.
7. Arumugam M., "Engineering Physics", 5th Edition, Anuradha Agencies, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the students will be able to

- Apply the knowledge of properties of matter in Engineering Mechanics and Fluid Dynamics.
- Characterize Engineering materials
- Use Lasers for Fiber Optics Technology and Material Processing
- Do non-destructive testing using Ultrasonic Techniques

OBJECTIVES:

To make students conversant with the

- Water quality for potable and industrial purposes.
- Different engineering materials, their physico-chemical properties and specific applications.
- Concept of electrochemistry, corrosion and theories of corrosion.
- Principles of spectroscopy and applications.
- Basic principles of green chemistry and the need for green processes in industries.

MODULE I WATER TECHNOLOGY

8

Introduction – Impurities present in water – Hardness, Types of Hardness, Estimation of Hardness (EDTA method) (Problems) – Alkalinity, Estimation of Alkalinity – Disadvantages of hard water in industries – Conditioning methods: external treatment method: Ion exchange method – internal treatment: colloidal, phosphate, calgon, carbonate methods – drinking water standards (BIS) – treatment of domestic water: screening, sedimentation, coagulation, filtration, disinfection: by chlorination, UV treatment, ozonization – desalination and reverse osmosis (principle only).

MODULE II ENGINEERING MATERIALS

8

Abrasives: Moh's scale of hardness – natural abrasives: diamond, corundum, emery, garnets and quartz – artificial abrasives: silicon carbide, boron carbide.

Refractories: characteristics, classification – acidic, basic and neutral refractories, properties – refractoriness, refractoriness under load, dimensional stability, porosity, thermal spalling – general method of manufacture of refractories, properties and uses of high alumina bricks, magnesite and zirconia bricks.

Nanomaterials: Definition – types of Nanomaterials; nanofilms, nanowires, carbon nanotubes, quantum dots and fullerenes (C_{60}) – Size and shape

dependent optical, electrical, thermal and mechanical properties; Synthesis of nanomaterials – Top down and bottom up approach; Applications of nanomaterials – Catalysis, Electronics and Telecommunication, Medicines, Composites and Energy.

MODULE III ELECTROCHEMISTRY AND CORROSION 9

Construction of a cell – Standard and single electrode potential – electrochemical series – EMF and its measurement – Nernst equation, application and problems – Types of electrodes: standard hydrogen electrode, calomel electrode, ion selective electrode - glass electrode and determination of pH using glass electrode – polarization, overvoltage, decomposition potential (statements only) – Conductometric and potentiometric titrations.

Corrosion: Definition – Dry corrosion and Wet corrosion with mechanisms – Factors influencing corrosion.

MODULE IV CHEMISTRY OF POLYMERS 6

Monomers – functionality – polymer – degree of polymerization – classification – Polymerization techniques: addition, condensation and co-polymerization with example – mechanism of polymerization: free radical, cationic and anionic mechanism – thermoplastics and thermosetting plastics with examples – compounding and moulding of plastics: injection moulding and compression moulding.

MODULE V SPECTROSCOPY 9

Electromagnetic spectrum – absorption of radiation – electronic, vibrational, translational and rotational – intensities of spectral lines – Beer-Lambert's Law (Problems) – Colorimetric analysis: estimation of concentration of a solution – Flame photometry: theory, instrumentation (block diagram only) and application – UV-Visible spectroscopy: Principles, instrumentation (block diagram only) and simple applications – IR spectroscopy – simple applications only.

MODULE VI GREEN CHEMISTRY 5

Introduction – Significance – Industrial applications of green chemistry; Green technology – Latest green laboratory technique for saving experimental resources and infrastructural framework; Principles of green chemistry – R4M4

model (Reduce, Reuse, Recycle, Redesign; Multipurpose, Multidimensional, Multitasking, Multi-tracking) – Life cycle analysis technique (cradle to grave approach)

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jain P.C and Renuka Jain, 'Physical Chemistry for Engineers', Dhanpat Rai and Sons, New Delhi. (2001).
2. Paul T. Anastas, John C. Warner, 'Green Chemistry: Theory and Practice', Oxford University Press, (1998).

REFERENCES:

1. Bahl B.S., Tuli and Arun Bahl, 'Essentials of Physical Chemistry', S. Chand and Company Ltd., New Delhi, (2004).
2. Kuriacose J.C. and Rajaram J, 'Chemistry in Engineering and Technology', Volume1, Tata McGraw- Hill publishing company, New Delhi, (1996).
3. Puri B.R., Sharma L.R. and Madan S. Pathania, 'Principles of Physical Chemistry', Shoban Lal Nagin Chand and Co., Jalandhar, (2000).

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- estimate the degree of hardness in water; solve related problems and treatment methods for potable water.
- select materials for specific engineering applications.
- use electrochemistry principles to understand the mechanism of corrosion.
- analyze trace quantity of metals using instrumental methods.
- realise the need of green practices in industries.

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the students of all engineering programs, the basic concepts of engineering drawing, which is the basic communication medium for all engineers
- To provide an exposure to the appropriate standards for technical drawings
- To provide practical exposure on important aspects like drawing analytic curves, orthographic projections, section of solids, development of surfaces, pictorial views and free hand drawing
- To introduce computerized drafting

MODULE I BASICS AND ENGINEERING CURVES

10

Drawing instruments, dimensioning, BIS conventions, types of lines, simple geometric constructions.

Conic sections: ellipse, parabola, hyperbola

Special curves: Cycloid, epicycloid, hypocycloid, involutes, helix

MODULE II ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTION

8

Orthographic projection – first angle, third angle projection methods, free hand sketching of orthographic views of simple machine parts as per first angle projection. Projection of points. Commands and demonstration of drafting packages.

MODULE III PROJECTION OF STRAIGHT LINES AND PLANES

10

Straight lines in first quadrant – true length and true inclinations, traces – rotating line and trapezoidal methods. Projection of plane lamina in first quadrant – trace of plane.

MODULE IV PROJECTION OF SOLIDS

10

Projection of solids: Axis inclined to one reference plane only - prism, pyramid, cone, cylinder – change of position and auxiliary projection methods.

MODULE V SECTION OF SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

10

Section of solids: prism, pyramid, cone, cylinder, and sphere – sectional views – true shape of sections - solids in simple position and cutting plane inclined to one reference plane only.

Development of surfaces: truncated solids - prism, pyramid, cone, cylinder, frustum of cone and pyramid.

MODULE VI PICTORIAL PROJECTIONS

12

Isometric projection: isometric scale - isometric projection and view of prism, pyramid, cylinder, cone, frustums and truncated solids.

Perspective projection: prism, pyramid, cylinder, frustums – visual ray and vanishing point methods.

Total Hours: 60

TEXT BOOK:

1. N.D. Bhatt, 'Engineering Drawing' Charotar Publishing house, 46th Edition, (2003)

REFERENCES:

1. K.V. Natarajan, 'A text book of Engineering Graphics', Dhanalakshmi publishers, Chennai. (2006)
2. Venugopal. K, and V. Prabhu Raja, Engineering Graphics, New Age International (P) Ltd., Publication, Chennai. (2011)

OUTCOMES:

Students who complete this course will be able to:

- draw various views of engineering components
- graphically communicate their concepts and ideas on new designs

SSB1181	INTRODUCTION TO ECONOMICS	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Primarily to give an overview of fundamentals of economics to the engineering students
- In particular
 - To introduce the basic concepts of demand, supply and equilibrium.
 - To familiarize on National Income concepts
 - To provide fundamental concepts of money, banking and exchange.
 - To give an idea on industrial sector, markets and trade.
 - To give an overview on five year plans, budget, policies and taxation.
 - To provide an overview of Indian economy and the role of engineers in economic development.

MODULE I INTRODUCTION 8

Classification of economy – open and closed economy – sectors of economy – Basic principles of micro economics – supply ,demand and equilibrium, elasticity of demand- pricing models.

MODULE II NATIONAL INCOME DETERMINATION 7

National Income concepts – GNP, GDP, disposable Income; Aggregate demand and Aggregate supply, macroeconomic equilibrium - concepts of MPS, APS, MPC APC, Inflation – prices indices WPI, CPI and Inflation control.

MODULE III MONEY AND BANKING 7

Monetary system - Role of Central Bank – Monetary policy – Commercial banks, Development banks; Money market – the role of money.

MODULE IV INDUSTRY, MARKET AND TRADE 7

Public and private sectors – Contribution to the national economy, Industrial policy. Markets – labor, capital and debt market. Trade: domestic and International trade.

MODULE V BUDGET, POLICIES AND INDICATORS

8

Economic development – Five year plans, Macro-economic indicators; Central budget: Government revenue-tax and non-tax revenue, government expenditures-plan and non-plan expenditures – Fiscal policy – The impact of the budget on the economy.

MODULE VI ECONOMIC GROWTH AND THE ROLE OF ENGINEERS **8**

India Economy – the role of market in the Indian economy – Development in the post independence era – Growth of the economy, Globalization and liberalization – reforms made and their effects, challenges and opportunities, Engineers – Engineers' contributions to the economic growth.

Total Hours : 45

REFERENCES:

1. Vanitha Agarwal, 'Macroeconomics: Theory and Practice', Pearson, (2010).
2. Dwivedi D.N, 'Macroeconomics: Theory and Policies', 3rd edn; McGraw Hill, (2010).
3. Samuelson, Paul A., 'Macroeconomics', 19th edn., TMH, (2009).
4. Gupta G.S, 'Macroeconomics: Theory and Applications', 3rd edn; TMH, (2007).

OUTCOMES:

- Students will have an exposure to the basic concepts of microeconomics and macroeconomics.
- Students will have gained knowledge in government budget, economic planning and its implementation, money, banking and trade.
- They will have learnt about the economic reforms introduced in Indian economy and the role of engineers towards the economic growth and development of the country.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of properties of matter, wave optics
- To understand the properties of ultrasonic and Laser.
- To understand the crystal growth technique.
- To correlate the experimental results with the theoretical values.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Torsional Pendulum- Determination of rigidity modulus of a given wire.
2. Determination of coefficient of viscosity of a liquid by Poiseuille's method .
3. Determination of Young's modulus of a beam using non – uniform bending method.
4. Determination of a thickness of a given wire – Air wedge.
5. Spectrometer- determination of wavelength of given source by using grating.
6. Determination of velocity of ultra sonic waves – Ultrasonic Interferometer.
7. Determination of numerical aperture and acceptance angle of an optical fiber.
8. Determination of particle size using Laser.
9. Growth of crystal by slow evaporation technique.
10. Determination of angle of divergence of Laser beam.
11. Photo electric effect experiment.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the student will know

- Properties of matter, wave optics and quantum physics
- Properties and application of Ultrasonic and Laser
- Principle and concept of crystal growth technique.

OBJECTIVES:

To make students conversant with the

- estimation of hardness and TDS in water samples.
- Construction of cell and determination of EMF.
- Estimation of pH of solutions.
- Verification of Beer Lambert's law.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Estimation of hardness in domestic water.
2. Estimation of total dissolved solids (TDS) in domestic water
3. Construction and determination of emf of a cell.
4. Determination of single electrode potential.
5. Estimation of strong acid in the industrial effluents
6. Estimation of Fe^{2+} present in unknown sample – by Potentiometry
7. Verification of Beer-Lambert's law and estimation of Cu^{2+} present in unknown sample.
8. Estimation of Na and K present in the agricultural field – by flame photometry.
9. Study of effect of inhibitors in free radical polymerization (Demo)

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, students will be able to

- estimate the degree of hardness and TDS in water samples.
- construct and calculate EMF of cell.
- apply the concept of Beer lamberts law.

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide a practical exposure to basic engineering practices like carpentry, fitting, plumbing, welding and making of simple electrical and electronic circuits
- To have an understanding on the use of various tools, instruments and methods
- To enable the students to appreciate the practical difficulties and safety issues

CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

1. Study of plumbing in general household and industrial systems
2. Making a small window frame with Lap and Mortise & Tenon Joints

MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

1. Fabrication of a small Table frame with Butt, Lap and Fillet Joints
2. Machining of a simple component like a table weight using lathe
3. Mould preparation for simple component

ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE

1. Comparison of incandescent, Fluorescent, CFL and LED lamps.
2. Study of Protection Circuits (small relay, fuse, MCB, HRC, MCCB, ECCB).
3. Familiarization of households Electrical Gadgets (Iron Box, Wet Grinder).
4. Understanding of Domestic and Industrial wiring.
5. Earthing and its significance.
6. Troubleshooting in Electrical Circuits.
7. Study of inverter fed UPS/Emergency lamp.

ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING PRACTICE

1. Identifications symbolic representation of active and passive electronic components
2. Soldering and tracing of electronic circuits and checking its continuity
3. Assembling of A.C. to D.C, D.C to A.C. Circuits in bread Board and Mini project

OUTCOMES:

Students who complete this course

- Should be able to appreciate the practical skills needed even in making of simple objects, assemblies and circuits
- Should be able to attend minor defects especially in items used in day to day life
- Should be aware of the safety aspects involved in using tools and instruments

GEB1103	COMPUTER PROGRAMMING & APPLICATIONS	L T P C
		2 0 2 3

OBJECTIVES:

- Expose fundamental concepts and techniques in programming
- Give coverage on application logic in programming
- Focus on solving practical problems based on analyzing, designing, and implementing computer programs

MODULE I FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTERS 5

Evolution – Generations - Classifications – Applications – Computer organization – Hardware in a typical computer Identification - Booting – Booting error messages - Number system - Number system conversions

MODULE II BASIC PROGRAMMING AND DEBUGGING 5

Software types – Types of Operating systems - Software development steps – Information technology and internet - The programming tool - Structure of a basic program - Hello world program – Debugging it – Character set – Delimiters – Keywords, identifiers – Constants – Variables – Tools and help features – Comments in a program

MODULE III INPUT AND OUTPUT 5

Data types - Type conversions - Input/Output: Formatted functions – Unformatted functions – Library functions – Debugging the code – Systems software: Compiler – interpreter- linker – loader - Finding the correct answer given a code snippet and justifying it

MODULE IV PROBLEM SOLVING 5

Problem solving techniques: Algorithm, flowchart – Pseudo-code – Examples of simple problems in algorithms and flowcharts – Sorting and Searching - Characteristics of a good program – Generations of programming language

MODULE V OPERATORS AND DECISION STATEMENTS 5

Properties of operators – Priority of operators – Arithmetic relational logical and bitwise operators – If –if else- nested if else- goto- switch case – nested switch case – for loops – nested for loops – while loop – do-while loop – break and continue statement

MODULE VI ARRAYS AND LOOP CONTROL STATEMENTS

5

Arrays – Initialization – Definition – Characteristics – One dimensional array – Two dimensional arrays - Multi dimensional arrays – Predefined streams - Operation with arrays – Sorting and searching – Structures – Operations on structures

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

30

1. Computer organization –Hardware in a typical computer Identification – Booting - error messages and what it means
2. Types of Operating systems – Windows and Linux
3. Structure of a basic program - Hello world program – Debugging it
4. Data types Type conversions
5. Input/Output: Formatted functions – Unformatted functions – Library functions
6. Properties of operators – Priority of operators – Arithmetic relational logical and bitwise operators
7. If – if else- nested if else- goto- switch case – nested switch case – for loops – nested for loops – while loop – do-while loop – break and continue statement
8. Arrays – Operation with arrays
9. Sorting and searching

Total Hours: 60

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Ashok N Kamthane, “Computer Programming”, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
2. Paul J. Deitel, Deitel & Associates, “C How to Program”, 7th Edition, Pearson, Education, 2012.

OUTCOMES:

Students who complete this course will be able to:

- Understand Modular design, logic flow, data abstraction
- Describe basic programming constructs, functions, and I/O.
- Write down programs for sorting and searching algorithms
- Write down programmes developing cycle for different applications
- The students will be able to debug the programs while solving some practical problems in programming

SEMESTER II

MAB1282	ADVANCED CALCULUS	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVE:

The aim of the course is to

- train the students in additional areas of Engineering Mathematics, necessary for grooming them into successful engineers. The topics will serve as basic tools for specialized studies in many engineering fields, significantly in fluid mechanics, field theory and communication engineering.

MODULE I DOUBLE INTEGRALS 7

Double integration – Cartesian and Polar coordinates – change of order of integration – area as a double integral — change of variables between Cartesian and polar coordinates.

MODULE II TRIPLE INTEGRALS AND SPECIAL FUNCTIONS 7

Triple integration in Cartesian coordinates - change of variables between cartesian, cylindrical and spherical polar coordinates - Beta and Gamma functions.

MODULE III VECTOR INTEGRATION 7

Line, surface and volume integrals – Green’s, Gauss Divergence and Stoke’s theorems (without proof) – verification and evaluation of integrals using them.

MODULE IV ANALYTIC FUNCTION 8

Analytic function - Necessary and Sufficient condition (Proof not included) – Cauchy-Riemann equations in polar coordinates - properties of analytic function – determination of analytic function – conformal mapping ($w = z+a$, az and $1/z$) and bilinear transformation.

MODULE V COMPLEX INTEGRATION 8

Statement and application of Cauchy’s integral theorem – Cauchy’s integral formula – Taylor’s series and Laurent’s series expansion – singularities - classification – residues - Cauchy’s residue theorem – contour integration – Unit circle and semi circular contours (excluding poles on the real axis).

MODULE VI PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

8

Formation of partial differential equations by elimination of arbitrary constants and arbitrary functions – Solution of standard types of first order partial differential equations – Lagrange’s linear equation – Linear partial differential equations of second and higher order with constant coefficients.

L – 45; T – 15; Total Hours- 60

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Veerarajan.T., “Engineering Mathematics “(5th edition) Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2012.
2. Grewal B.S., “Higher Engineering Mathematics” (42nd edition), Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. Kreyszig, E., “Advanced Engineering Mathematics“, 10th edition, John Wiley and Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd., Singapore, 2001.
2. Peter V. O’Neil, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 7th edition, Cengage Learning, 2011.
3. Dennis G. Zill, Warren S. Wright, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, 4th edition, Jones and Bartlett publishers, Sudbury, 2011.
4. Alan Jeffrey, “Advanced Engineering Mathematics”, Academic Press, USA, 2002.
5. Ramana, B.V., “Higher Engineering Mathematics” Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. New Delhi, 2006.
6. Venkataraman, M.K., “Engineering Mathematics”, Volume 2, 2nd edition, National Publishing Co., Chennai, 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course the students will be able to

- solve integrals of higher orders.
- apply vector calculus for solving engineering problems.
- solve complex differentiation and integration problems related to engineering.
- formulate practical problems in terms of partial differential equations, solve them and physically interpret the results.

PHB1283	PHYSICS OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS	L T P C
	(Common to ECE, EEE, AERO, CSE & IT Branches)	3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVE:

- To familiarize the physical, chemical, electrical and mechanical properties of different Engineering materials.

MODULE I CONDUCTING MATERIALS 10

Electron ballistics : charged particle, force on charged particles in an electric field, force on charged particles in Magnetic field - Parallel electric and magnetic field - Perpendicular electric and magnetic field - Classical free electron theory of metals – Derivation for electrical conductivity – Merits and drawbacks of classical theory – Quantum free electron theory of metals and its importance (qualitative) – Energy distribution of electrons in metals – Fermi distribution function – Density of energy states and carrier concentration in metals (derivation) – Fermi energy – Classification of solids into conductors, semiconductors and insulators on the basis of band theory.

MODULE II SEMICONDUCTING MATERIALS 9

Elemental and compound semiconductors – Drift and diffusion current - Intrinsic semiconductors –Carrier concentration (derivation) – Fermi energy – Variation of Fermi energy level with temperature – Mobility and electrical conductivity – Band gap determination – Extrinsic semiconductors – Carrier concentration in n-type and p-type semiconductor (derivation) – Variation of Fermi level with temperature and impurity concentration – Variation of Electrical conductivity with temperature – Hall effect – Experiment and applications of Hall effect.

MODULE III DIELECTRIC MATERIALS 7

Dielectric constant – Electric Susceptibility – Types of dielectric polarization – Frequency and temperature dependence of polarization – Internal field and deduction of Clausius-Mosotti's equation(derivation) – Dielectric loss – Types of dielectric breakdown – Uses of dielectric materials (capacitor & transformer).

MODULE IV MAGNETIC MATERIALS 6

Origin of magnetic moment –Types of magnetic materials and their properties –Ferromagnetism – Domain theory of ferromagnetism, hysteresis, soft and

hard magnetic materials – Anti ferromagnetic materials (qualitative) – Ferrites
– Applications-Magnetic memory – Tapes & magnetic disk drives.

MODULE V SUPERCONDUCTING MATERIALS 6

Superconductivity - BCS theory - Meissner effect - Critical magnetic field -
Type I and Type II superconductors - High temperature superconductors -
Applications of superconductors: SQUID and magnetic levitation.

MODULE VI OPTICAL AND NEW ENGINEERING MATERIALS 7

Optical properties of semiconductors – Direct and indirect bandgap
semiconductors – Color centers, exciton – Luminescence – Fluorescence –
Phosphorescence – Liquid crystal display, Solar cell – Electro optic effect-
Pockel's effect - Kerr effect – Faraday effect. Metallic glasses – Preparation,
properties and applications - Shape Memory Alloys – Preparation, properties
and applications, Nano phase materials – Synthesis, properties and
applications.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Palanisamy P.K., Physics II, Material Science for ECE, Scitech Publications (India) Pvt Ltd., 2006.
2. Safa O. Kasap, Principles of Electronic materials and devices, McGraw Hill Publishers, 3rd Edition, 2006.

REFERENCES:

1. Arumugam.M, Physics II, Material Science for ECE, Anuradha Publishers, 5th Edition, 2005.
2. Jacob Millman, Christos C.Halkais, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1991.
3. Charles Kittel, Introduction to solid state physics, 7th Edition, John Wiley & sons (ASIA) Pvt. Ltd.
4. Sze. S.M., Semiconductor Devices – Physics and Technology, 2nd edn. John Wiley, 2002.

5. Nandita Das Gupta and Amitava Das Gupta, Semiconductor Devices – Modelling and Technology, Prentice Hall of India, 2004.
6. Donald A. Neamen, “Semiconductor Physics and Devices” 3rd Ed., Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course, the student will be able to

- choose the correct semi-conductors for electronic devices and display.
- use dielectric materials for transformers and capacitors
- use ferromagnetic materials for solid state devices
- apply the concept of super conductivity for Engineering applications.

GEB1211	BASIC ENGINEERING MECHANICS	L T P C
		3 1 0 4

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge about the basic laws of statics and dynamics and their applications in problem solving
- To acquaint with scalar and vector approaches for representing forces and moments acting on particles and rigid bodies and their equilibrium
- To give an exposure on inertial properties of surfaces and solids
- To provide an understanding on the concept of work energy principle, friction, kinematics of motion and their relationship

MODULE I VECTOR APPROACH TO MECHANICS 7

Introduction - Units and Dimensions - Laws of Mechanics – Lame’s theorem, Parallelogram and triangular Law of forces – Vectors – Vectorial representation of forces and moments –Vector Algebra and its Physical relevance in Mechanics -Coplanar Forces – Resolution and Composition of forces- Equilibrium of a particle

MODULE II EQUILIBRIUM OF PARTICLE 6

Forces in space - Equilibrium of a particle in space - Equivalent systems of forces – Principle of transmissibility – Single equivalent force

MODULE III EQUILIBRIUM OF RIGID BODY 6

Free body diagram – Types of supports and their reactions – requirements of stable equilibrium – Moments and Couples – Moment of a force about a point and about an axis –Vectorial representation of moments and couples – Scalar components of a moment –Varignon’s theorem - Equilibrium of Rigid bodies in two dimensions –Examples

MODULE IV PROPERTIES OF SURFACES 8

Determination of Areas – First moment of area and the Centroid of sections – Rectangle, circle, triangle from integration – T section, I section, Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula – second and product moments of plane area – Physical relevance - Rectangle, triangle, circle from integration -

T section, I section, Angle section, Hollow section by using standard formula – Parallel axis theorem and perpendicular axis theorem – Polar moment of inertia.

MODULE V LAWS OF MOTION 10

Review of laws of motion – Newton’s law – Work Energy Equation of particles – Impulse and Momentum – Impact of elastic bodies.

MODULE VI FRICTION 8

Introduction to friction- types of friction- Laws of Coloumb friction- Frictional force – simple contact friction – Rolling resistance –ladder friction

Total Hours: 45

REFERENCES:

1. Beer, F.P and Johnston Jr. E.R, “Vector Mechanics for Engineers, Dynamics & Statics”, Third SI Metric Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill International Edition, 2001.
2. Hibbeler, R.C., Engineering Mechanics, Vol. 1 Statics, Vol. 2 Dynamics, Pearson Education Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2000.
3. Irving H. Shames, Engineering Mechanics – Statics and Dynamics, IV Edition Pearson Education Asia Pvt. Ltd., 2003.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course students:

- should be able to resolve forces, moments and solve problems using various principles and laws
- should be able to understand the concept of equilibrium, kinetics and kinematics and capable of formulating the governing equations to practical problems and provide solutions for those equations

ECB1211	NETWORK ANALYSIS AND SYNTHESIS	L T P C
		3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concept of circuit elements lumped circuits, circuit laws and network reduction
- To solve the electrical network using mesh and nodal analysis by applying network theorems
- To analyze the network in s-domain

MODULE I BASICS OF CIRCUITS AND NETWORKS 7

Ideal sources – Dependent and Independent sources – Linear relation between voltage and current of Network elements – source Transformation – Types of Networks – Network reduction – voltage division – current division – Star – delta transformation

MODULE II NETWORK THEOREMS 9

Formation of matrix equations and analysis of complex circuits using Mesh current method and nodal method -Thevenin's Theorem- Norton's Theorem- Superposition theorem-Maximum power transfer theorem, substitution theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Millman's theorem, Tellegen's theorem

MODULE III TRANSIENTS 6

Steady state and transient response- DC response of an R-L Circuit- DC response of an R-C Circuit- DC response of an R-L-C Circuit-Sinusoidal response of an R-L Circuit- Sinusoidal response of an R-C Circuit- Sinusoidal response of an R-L-C Circuit

MODULE IV TWO PORT NETWORKS 7

Open circuit Impedance(Z) Parameters - short Circuit Admittance (Y) Parameters, Transmission (ABCD) Parameters and Inverse Transmission Parameters-Hybrid (h) Parameters and Inverse Hybrid Parameter- Conversion between parameters-interconnection of two-port networks.

MODULE V NETWORK TOPOLOGY 8

Introduction-Tree and co-tree- Twigs and links-Incidence matrix –properties of Incidence matrix-Tie-set matrix-cut-set –tree branch voltage.

MODULE VI ANALYSIS OF NETWORKS IN 'S' DOMAIN 8

Transform Impedance and Transform circuits-series and parallel connection

of elements-Terminal pairs-network functions for 1 port and 2 port networks-
poles and zeroes of network functions-properties of driving point functions-
properties of transfer functions-stability criterion for active network-Routh
criterion.

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William H.Hayt, Jr, J.E.Kemmerly & Steven M.Durban, "Engineering Circuit Analysis" 6th Edition, Mcgraw Hill, 2002
2. A.Sudhakar & Shyanmugam S.Palli "Circuits & Network Analysis & Synthesis", 2nd Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 1994
3. Someshwar C. Gupta, Jon W. Bayless, Behrouz Peikari, "Circuit Analysis - with computer applications to problem-solving", Wiley-Eastern Ltd., 1991.
4. Vanvalkenburg, "Network Analysis", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 1994.

REFERENCES:

1. M.L Soni & J.C. Gupta, "Electric Circuit Analysis", Dhanpat Rai & Sons, New Delhi, 1981
2. Joseph Edminster, "Electric Circuits", Schaum's Outline Series, McGrawHill 5th Edition, 2011
3. Franklin F. Kuo, "Network Analysis and Synthesis", John Wiley. 2nd Edition

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the students will be able to:

- Understand about the network elements, types of networks, network topology & analysis of complex circuits using Mesh current & Nodal voltage method.
- Understand the concept of two port network.
- Gain knowledge about the transient and sinusoidal state analysis.
- Get an insight into analysis in S-domain

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of quantum theory of solids and semiconductor materials.
- To provide a basis for understanding the characteristics, operation and limitations of semiconductor devices.

MODULE I ELECTRON BALLISTICS AND INTRINSIC SEMICONDUCTORS

9

Force on charge in electric field-Motion of Charge in uniform and time varying electric fields. Forces on a moving charge in a magnetic field-calculation of cyclotron frequency - calculation of electrostatic and magnetic deflection sensitivity. Energy band structure of conductors, semiconductors and insulators-Density distribution of available energy states in semiconductors-Fermi - Dirac probability distribution function at different temperature. Thermal generation of carriers-calculation of electron and hole densities in intrinsic semiconductors-intrinsic concentration-Mass Action Law.

MODULE II EXTRINSIC SEMICONDUCTOR

7

N and P type semiconductors and energy band structures-Law of electrical neutrality-calculation of location of Fermi level and free electron and hole densities in extrinsic semiconductors-Mobility, drift current and conductivity-Diffusion current-Continuity equation-Hall effect.

MODULE III PN JUNCTION DIODES

7

Band structure of PN Junction – Current Component in a PN Junction – Derivation of diode equation – Temperature dependence of diode characteristics - Transition and diffusion capacitance – charge control description of diode – switching characteristics of diode- Avalanche and Zener breakdown - Temperature dependence of breakdown voltages- Zener diode & its applications –Diode as Clipper & Clamper.

MODULE IV BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTORS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS **8**

Construction of PNP and NPN transistors – BJT current components – Emitter to collector and base to collector current gains – Base width modulation -CB and CE characteristics – Breakdown characteristics – Ebers-Moll model – Transistor switching times. Construction and Characteristics of JFET – Relation between Pinch off Voltage and drain current – Derivation.- MOSFETS – Enhancement and depletion types.

MODULE V SPECIAL DIODES & POWER CONTROL DEVICES **7**

Varactor diode – Backward diode – Tunneling effect in thin barriers- Tunnel diode – Photo diode - Schottky diodes- Power control devices- Characteristics and equivalent circuit of UJT - intrinsic standoff ratio- PNP diode – Two transistor model, SCR, Triac, Diac.

MODULE VI CCD AND OPTOELECTRONIC DEVICES **7**

Charge transfer and charge coupled devices – theory and applications. Semiconductor Opto electronic devices – LED, LASER diode, LCD, OLED, Photo diode Solar Cell. Plasma Devices

Total Hours: 45

TEXT BOOK:

1. Jacob Millman & Christos C.Halkias, “Electronic Devices and Circuits” Tata McGraw–Hill, 1991.

REFERENCES:

1. Nandita Das Gupta and Amitava Das Gupta, Semiconductor Devices – Modelling and Technology, Prentice Hall of India, 2004.
2. Donald A.Neaman, “Semiconductor Physics and Devices” 3rd Ed., Tata McGraw-Hill 2002.
3. S.Salivahanan, N.Sureshkumar and A.Vallavaraj, Electronic Devices and Circuits, TMH. 1998.
4. S.M.Sze, Semiconductor Devices – Physics and Technology, 2nd edn. John Wiley, 2002.

5. Ben G. Streetman and Sanjay Banerjee, Solid State Electronic Devices, Pearson Education 2000.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, students will be able to:

- apply fundamentals of semiconductor physics to the understanding of electronic devices .
- use ordinary differential equations (ODEs) to solve engineering problems in semiconductors .
- apply their understanding of the behavior of semiconductor devices (pn junctions, BJTs, and field effect devices) in designing variations of those devices for special applications .
- identify the best semiconductor and device parameters to make the best device for a specific application, incorporating design constraints.

SSB1182	SOCIOLOGY, ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To give an overview of the fundamental of sociology.
- To expose how society developed in India, classes and impact.
- To introduce sociological aspects relating to industry
- To provide some basic concepts on ethics and human rights.
- To stress the role of engineer to the society, environment and sustainability.

MODULE I FUNDAMENTALS OF SOCIOLOGY 7

Sociology - definition, evolution – scope – basic concepts – social process, sociological theories, social institutions, culture and social stratification – family – economic – politics – religion – education, state and civil society – social control.

MODULE II SOCIOLOGY IN INDIAN CONTEXT 7

Development – Institutions, classes – women and society – impact of social laws, social change in contemporary India – secularism and communalism – social exclusion and inclusion.

MODULE III INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY 7

Definition and perspectives – industry in India – social groups in industry, behaviour pattern – group dynamics – focus groups – team – enhancing group behaviour.

MODULE IV INDUSTRIAL – SOCIETY INTERFACE 8

Perspectives – social responsibilities – sociological effect on industrialization – urbanization, child labour, psychological impact, Impact of technology, modernization – globalization – challenges – role of engineers.

MODULE V ETHICS AND HUMAN VALUES 8

Ethics and values – organizational values – personal worth, ethical behavior, professional ethics, whistle blowing, international ethics, corruption.

Quality of life and society – engineer in economic development, technology development – invention, innovation and diffusion – appropriate technology – engineer’s contribution, ecology and environment – sustainability – role of engineers.

Total Hours: 45

REFERENCES:

1. Samir Das Gupta and Paulomi Saha, An Introduction to Sociology, Pearson, Delhi, 2012.
2. Narender Singh, Industrial Sociology, Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2012.
3. Vidya Bhushan and D.R. Sachdeva, Fundamental of Sociology, Pearson, Delhi, 2012.
4. Deshpande, Satish, Contemporary India : A Sociological view, Viking (2002)
5. Thopar, Romila, Early India, Penguin (2003).
6. Mike Martin and Roland Schinzinger, Ethics in Engineering, McGraw Hill, New York, 1996.

OUTCOMES:

- Students will have an exposure to the fundamentals and basic concepts of Sociology.
- Students will gain knowledge in Industrial Sociology.
- Students will have gained knowledge about the impact of technology, modernization, globalization and their contribution towards society.

ENB1282	WRITTEN COMMUNICATION	L T P C
		0 0 2 1

OBJECTIVES:

- To develop their creative thinking skills and write reviews.
- To train them with the nuances of corporate correspondence
- To train them in writing official letters, technical reports and proposals.
- To expose them to the writing of Statement of Purpose.

MODULE I WRITTEN COMMUNICATION 4

Introduction - process of writing – ABC of academic and professional writing – Writing an article.

MODULE II CREATIVE WRITING 5

Writing stories based on visuals - Preparing an outline for a story - Writing critical reviews on an article / a paper

MODULE III CORPORATE CORRESPONDENCE 3

Tone in formal writing – e-mail writing, memo, fax, agenda and minutes writing.

Lab: viewing e-mail etiquette, format and conventions of writing memo.

MODULE IV OFFICIAL LETTERS 6

Writing Statement of purpose, Letter of Application and Resume – Assessing one’s strengths and weaknesses – peer evaluation.

Lab: Resume writing – Viewing different types – Functional, Chronological - Writing one’s resume using wiki, Letter calling for interview and seeking promotion.

MODULE V TECHNICAL WRITING I 6

Describing an experiment, writing instructions and recommendations, Feasibility report and progress report, Synopsis – Group assignment – case study.

MODULE VI TECHNICAL WRITING II

6

Writing a technical proposal – Format – cover page, executive summary, timeline chart, budget estimate, drafting, conclusion,.

Total Hours: 30

REFERENCES:

1. Riordan & Pauley. 'Report Writing Today'. 9th Edition. Wadsworth Cengage Learning, USA. 2005.
2. Gerson, Sharon & Steven M. Gerson, 'Technical Writing: Process and Product' Pearson Education, New Delhi. 2004.
3. M Ashraf Rizvi 'Effective Technical Communication'. Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2005.
4. Sharma, R.C. & Krishna Mohan, "Business Correspondence and Report Writing". Tata MacGraw – Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi. 2002.
5. Anderson, Durston & Pool. "Thesis and Assignment Writing". 4th Edition. John Wiley & Sons. Australia. 2002.

OUTCOME:

- On completion of the course, the students will have the ability to write all kinds of formal correspondence like letters, reports and proposals.

OBJECTIVE:

- To verify the fundamental characteristics of various Semiconductor Devices

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. PN Junction Diode characteristics.
2. Zener Diode characteristics.
3. Applications of Diode as Clipper and Clamper.
4. Input and Output characteristics of BJT in CB configuration.
5. Input and Output characteristics of BJT in CE configuration.
6. Characteristics of JFET.
7. Switching Characteristics of Diode & BJT
8. UJT Characteristics.
9. SCR Characteristics.
10. DIAC Characteristics.
11. TRIAC Characteristics
12. Characteristics of Photo diode and Photo transistor.

OUTCOMES:

On completion of this course the student will

- Experimentally analyze the characteristics of diodes, BJT's and FET's.
- Experimentally analyze the characteristics of UJT, SCR, DIAC, TRIAC, Photo devices

PHB1284	PHYSICS OF ENGINEERING MATERIALS	L	T	P	C
	LABORATORY	0	0	2	1

(Common to ECE, EEE, AERO, CSE & IT Branches)

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the characteristics of conducting, semiconducting, dielectric, magnetic and optical materials.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Determination of magnetic field along the axis of a circular coil – Stewart and Gees experiment.
2. Determination of electrical conductivity of a given metal by four point probe method.
3. Determination of Hall coefficient of a given semiconductor material.
4. Determination of band gap of a semiconductor diode.
5. Determination of dielectric loss of a dielectric material using LCR bridge method.
6. Determination of time constant of an RC circuit by charging and discharging of a capacitor.
7. Determination of magnetic susceptibility of a paramagnetic material using Quincke's method.
8. Determination of energy loss of a given transformer coil using Hysteresis – B-H curve.
9. Determination of Verdet constant of a material using Faraday Effect.
10. Determination of Kerr constant using electro optic modulators.

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student will be able to

- Know the properties of conducting, semiconducting, dielectric and magnetic materials.
- Know the principle and working of Kerr modulator and Faraday rotator.